

ABOUT ENGLAND'S BANK.

A Meeting at Which Its Condition is Discussed.

London, March 15.—There was a crowded attendance at the half yearly meeting of the Bank of England today. The governor, Mr. David Powell, said that the conduct of ex-Cashier May had been a very serious matter, which had been thoroughly sifted. But Mr. Powell added, it would not be right at this meeting to go into details.

Wherever anything had been found to be wrong, steps had been taken to meet the difficulties. The directors had done their best, and legal proceedings might be taken which would evoke further details. But if this course was not adopted, the matter had better be let die. A feeling of suspicion, born in consequence of this deplorable affair, had been thrown over the whole establishment.

This feeling, however, Mr. Powell said, was not justified in anything like the extent imagined. The report it gave shows that the net profits for the half year have been \$1,000,000. The reserve after providing for a dividend of 4,000, will be \$3,000,000 pounds.

The Banking authorities have been reduced to \$3,000,000 pounds. The dividend was \$2,400,000. Finally the bank has set aside the sum of £250,000 to meet all possible losses in respect to ex-Cashier May's advances.

The government learned last November that ex-Cashier May had seriously exceeded his authority, and that he had committed grave irregularities in connection with advances made to a certain number of customers, allowing overtrades with alacrity and in violation of the strict rules of the bank that he had engaged in stock speculations which had placed him in serious difficulties.

Consequently the governor had no alternative but to require his immediate resignation. The report concludes with stating that all the securities which the bank holds in its own account, are of the highest class, consisting mainly of government, colonial, India and corporation securities, and they stand on the bank's books at prices considerably below the market value. The bank never held any securities of financial and trust companies.

NONE GUILTY AT CORNELL.

Cornell's Jury Finds No One Who Masterminded the Anthracite Gas.

Ithaca, N. Y., March 15.—The Cornell's jury, after a trial of American John and his son, George Palmer, and his son-in-law, Dr. C. Cornell students to break up a class, Ithaca, has reported that death was the reason of induction of reform manufactured and introduced into a room in the Academic block in the city of Ithaca, N. Y., where the deceased was at work by a class or persons to this jury unknown.

KILLING MEN-UNION MINERS.
Montgomery, Ky., March 15.—Pete Miller, a freight of labor, shot and killed 100 men, a locomotive miner, at Mingo, Ky., and Bill Ladd, a coal miner, wounded H. Collins. The feelings between the striking Knights and the min-union men is very bitter; a terrible trouble may break out at any moment.

TO-DAY'S MARKET REPORT.

Furnished for W. A. Thompson, Broker, by the Mexican Government and Stock Exchange, Mexico City, Mexico, and Jas. Jackson Stock.

Chicago Market.

Chicago, March 15.—Wheat was weak today on weather, the indications of freezing in the northwest and weak outside markets. May opened 1¢ lower, at 83¢, and declined to 77¢. Wadlams and Greeley and other traders followed in the lead, while the demand was limited.

Corn was weak in sympathy with wheat. May opened 1¢ lower, at 77¢, and declined to 72¢.

Oats easy, May 30¢.

Receipts: Wheat, 40,000 bu.; corn, 230,000 bu.; oats, 20,000 bu.

Shipments: Wheat, 21,000 bu.; corn, 138,000 bu.; oats, 184,000 bu.

Estimated receipts for tomorrow: Wheat, 45 cars; corn, 135; oats, 200; hogs, 20,000.

MARCH 10	OPEN	HIGH	LOW	CLOSE	YEST.
WHEAT	Mar. 56	56 1/2	55 3/4	56 1/4	56 1/2
CORN	Mar. 60	60	59 1/2	59 1/2	59 1/2
OATS	Mar. 36	36	35 1/2	36 1/2	36 1/2
	May 30	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2	30 1/2
	May 31	31	30 1/2	31	31

Provisions opened steady on heavy hog receipts, lower than the estimate, and an advance of 1¢ each to prices at the yards. The weakness of the grain market caused a slight reaction later.

May corn opened unchanged at \$1.08 1/2, fell down to \$1.07 1/2, and receded to \$1.07 1/2.

May hard, \$6.37 1/2.

Butter—Daily, 20c; Creameries, 20c; dairies, 18c 1/2c.

Eggs—pint, strictly fresh, 15c.

Cattle—Receipts, 15,000. Market quiet, steady, no improvement. Prime to extra steers, \$4.50 to \$5.75; fair to good, \$3.75 to \$4.25; others, \$3.25 to \$3.75; Texans, \$2.50 to \$3.00.

Hogs—Receipts, 25,000. Market active, no higher. Heavy hams, \$4.00; rough packers and mixed, \$4.00-\$4.40; prime movers and hams per weight, \$4.00-\$4.40; assorted hams, \$4.00-\$4.40.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 12,000. Market slow, steady. Top sheep, \$4.25-\$6.00; top lambs, \$4.00-\$4.25.

Meat—Market steady.

Kansas City, March 15.—WHEAT.—No. 2 red flour, No. 2 hard, \$14 1/2c.

CORN.—No. 2 mixed, 32c; No. 3 white, 32c.

OATS.—No. 2 mixed, 30c 1/2c.

BUTTER.—Quart, Creamery weak, 19¢ 2c; dairy, firm, 18¢ 1/2c.

Eggs—Weak, 10c 1/2c.

CATTLE—Receipts, 3,500. Shipments, 6,000. Market steady. Texas steers, \$3.50-\$3.75; whipping steers, \$3.50-\$3.75; native cows, \$1.25-\$1.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.75-\$3.00; bulls, \$1.80-\$2.75.

Hogs—Receipts, 10,000. Shipments, 9,000. Market 3 to 10¢ higher, active closing. Bulk of males, \$4.30-\$4.40; hams, shoulders and mixed, \$4.10-\$4.40; lights, shoulders and pigs, \$4.00-\$4.40.

SHEEP—Receipts, 1,000. Shipments, none. Market about steady.

New York Stock Market.

American Sugar Rec'd., 32; Atchison,

15 1/2; C. B. & Q., 84 1/2; Erie, 17; L. &

N., 48 1/2; Missouri Pacific, 20 1/2; Read-

ing, 22 1/2; New England, 10 1/2; Rock

Island, 14 1/2; St. Paul, 62 1/2; Union Pacific, 18 1/2; Western Union, 53 1/2; Chicago

Gas, 65 1/2.

Try the Topeka Steam Laundry.

IN THE MADELAINE.

Bomb Exploded in the Most Famous Church in Paris.

PARIS, March 15.—A dynamite bomb was exploded this afternoon in the chief entrance of the church of La Madeleine. The man who threw the bomb was killed by the explosion and a number of others were severely injured.

The outrage was committed at about 2:45 this afternoon inside the chief entrance of the famous church of La Madeleine.

At about the hour mentioned a loud explosion was heard inside the church, and a crowd of people immediately issued from the Place de la Madeleine leading to the church and in a very short time the interior of the church and the Place de la Madeleine were in a state of great confusion and excitement.

On a small door on the right of the main entrance of the church the people who were first to enter found shattered human remains. For a time, owing to the smoke and excitement, the people who made this discovery did not dare to penetrate any further, but as the smoke cleared away and the people regained their presence of mind, it was seen that the remains were those of a man who was so shattered by the explosion that his intestines and brains lay in all directions, while his blood was spattered over a large area.

Upon the body of the man who had been blown to pieces were found a number of papers and a portrait of Ravachol, the executed anarchist.

When the smoke had entirely cleared away, examination was made of the premises, it was seen that the bomb, or incendiary machine, which had suddenly exploded immediately while in possession of the criminal, had done but very little damage to the church.

The door by which the bomb was thrown must have entered the church according to the police, was the cause of his death, and a police official expressed it, "God's justice was done."

The door, it is explained, opens and shuts with a heavy swing, and it is believed that the bomb, however pushed open the door and having the bomb upon his person forgot, or did not know of the strong swing of this door, and in closing it struck himself and exploded the bomb.

The Old Emperor to Have a Monument Costing \$1,000,000.

BERLIN, March 15.—In the Reichstag this afternoon much discussion on the sum of \$1,000,000 which was appropriated for the purpose of erecting a monument in honor of Emperor William I. The government's original demand was for \$800,000 marks.

During the course of the debate several speakers protested against the tendency to increase the strength of the German navy.

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